



Determination of True Position, of a Threaded Hole, Using a Coordinate Measuring Machine

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Agenda

■ *Introduction*

- *ASME Y14.5-2009 Requirements*


■ *Problem*

- *Curved or Irregular Surfaces*

■ *Tests*

- *Evaluation of Various Methods*

■ *Conclusion*



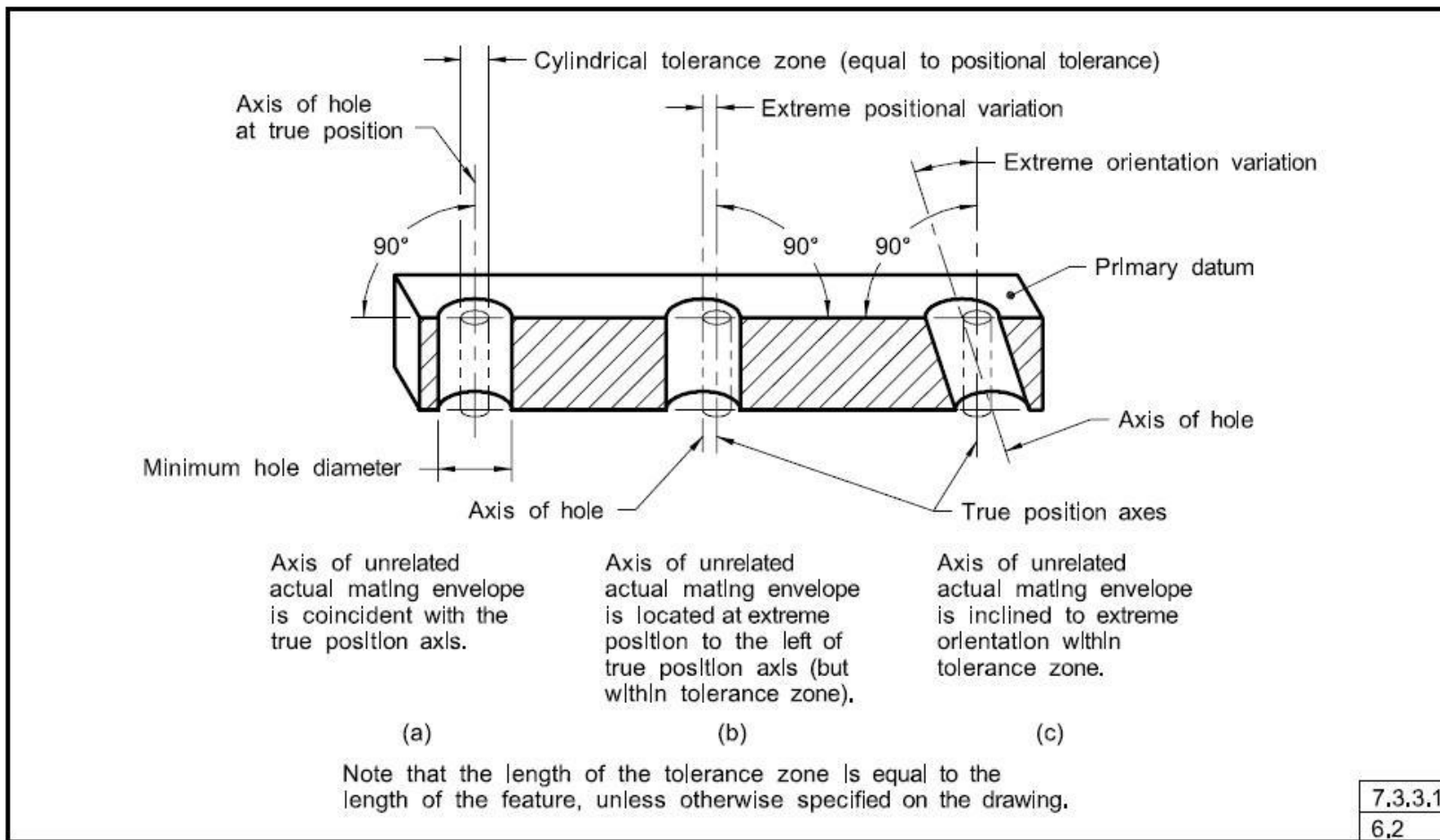
How should the position be established?

■ **ASME Y14.5-2009**

- *Section 2.9*

- *“Each tolerance of orientation or position and datum reference specified for a screw thread applies to the axis of the thread derived from the pitch cylinder.”*

Requirements per ASME Y14.5M-2009



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Coordinate Measuring Machine (CMM) Methods

■ *Probing a threaded/cylinder gage*

- *Issues*

- *\$ - Cost of gage*
- *Inconvenience of installing (time = money \$)*
- *Establishing pitch cylinder*

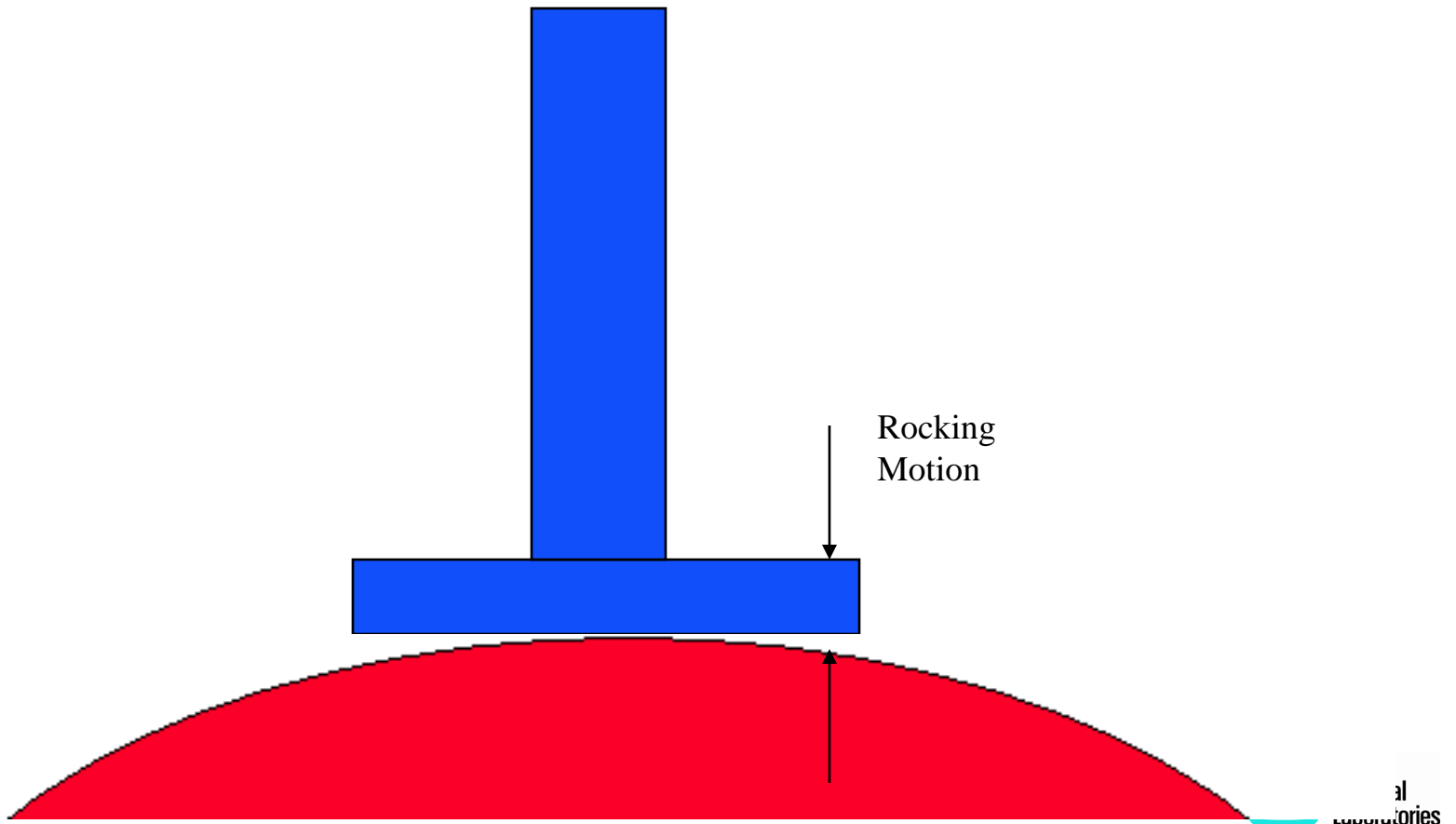
■ *Direct probing of the thread form*

- *Issues*

- *Chips, burrs*
- *Proper establishment of the pitch cylinder*

Problem

- *Standard cylinder gage is influenced by the surface the hole is located on.*



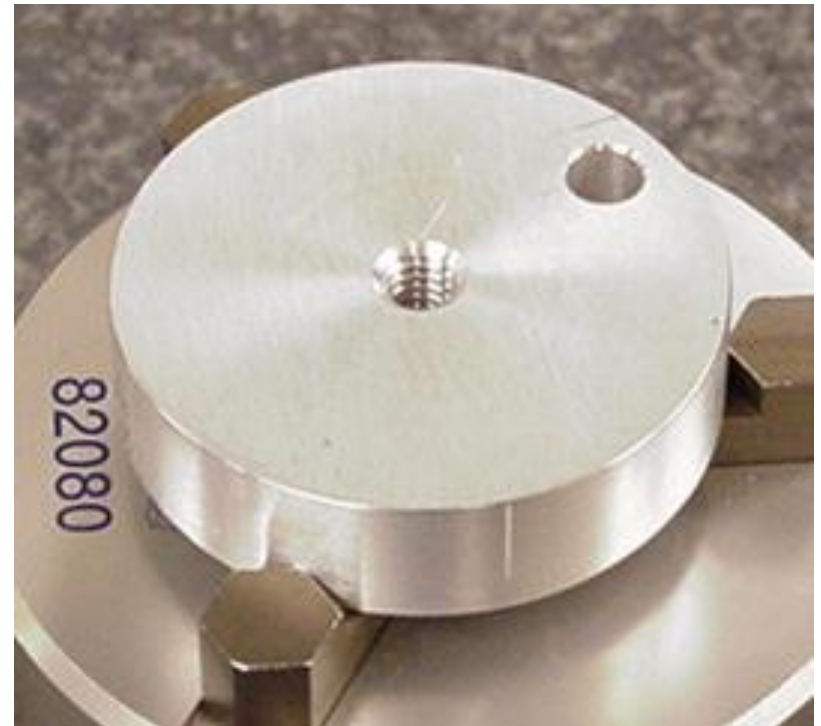
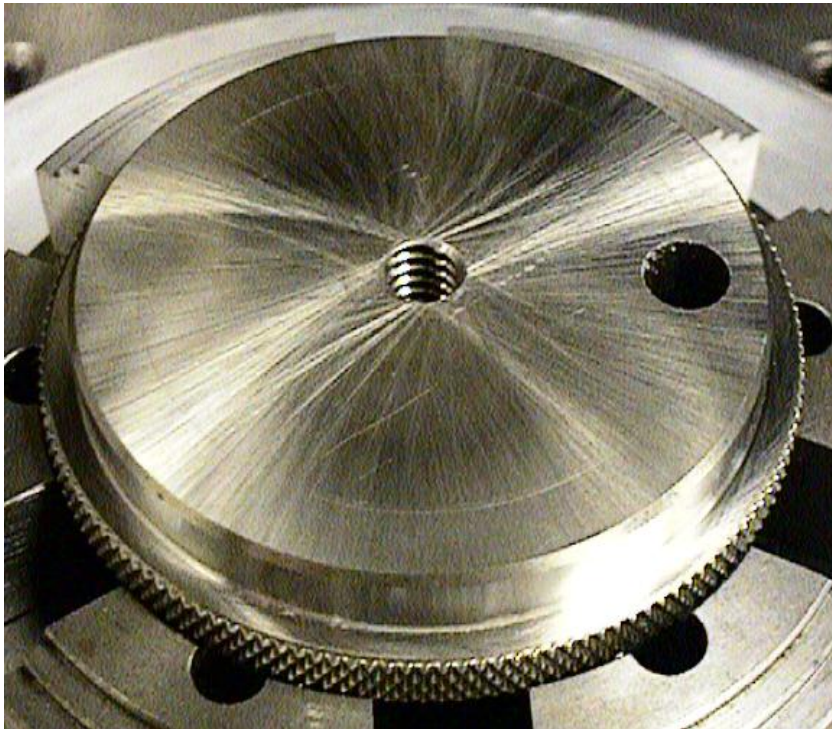


Initial Tests

- *Evaluate commonly used techniques*
- *Perform R & R tests using various techniques on a nominally flat surface*
 - *Test pieces having a 2 inch outside diameter with 1/4"-20 UNC thread in center*



Test Pieces



Various Types Plug Gage



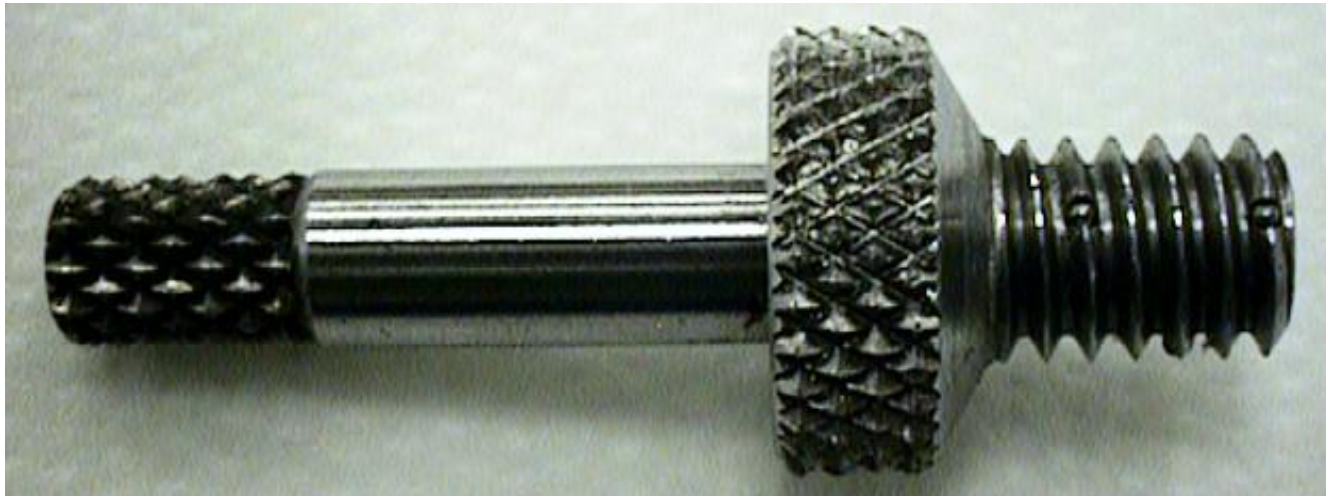
Split Thread Gage



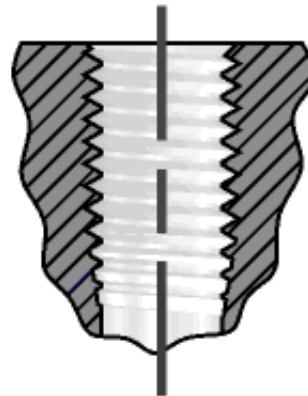
Tapered Thread Gage



Expanding Ball Gage



Expanding Ball Gage





R&R Test Parameters

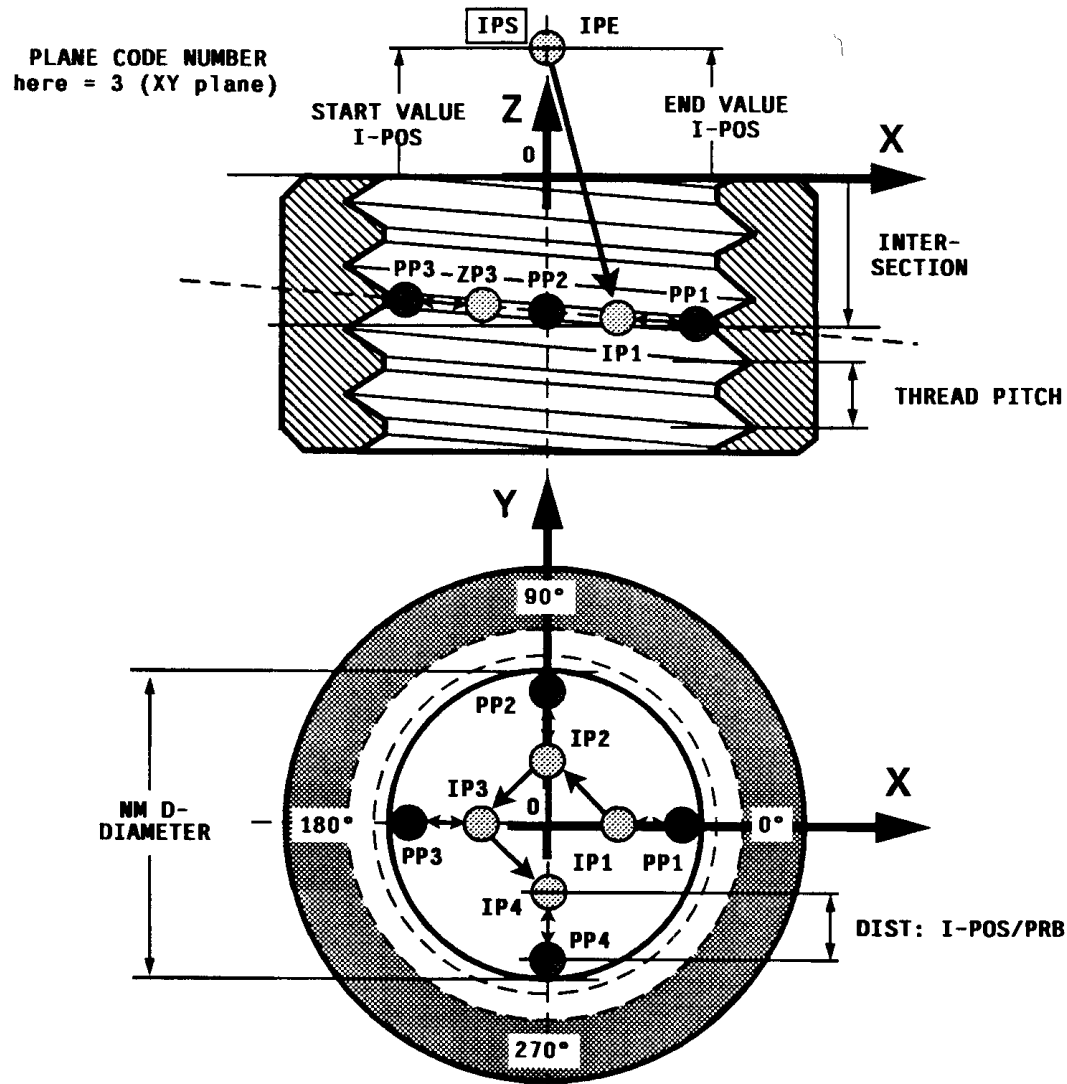
- *Establish intersection points of cylinder axis with Datum A (top surface) and at -0.5 " below Datum A*
- *Record X & Y position at both intersection points*
 - *Should show repeatability of not just Datum A location, but of the cylinder orientation (tilt).*



Typical CMM Setup



Direct Probing Technique



Direct Probing using Cylinder Probe

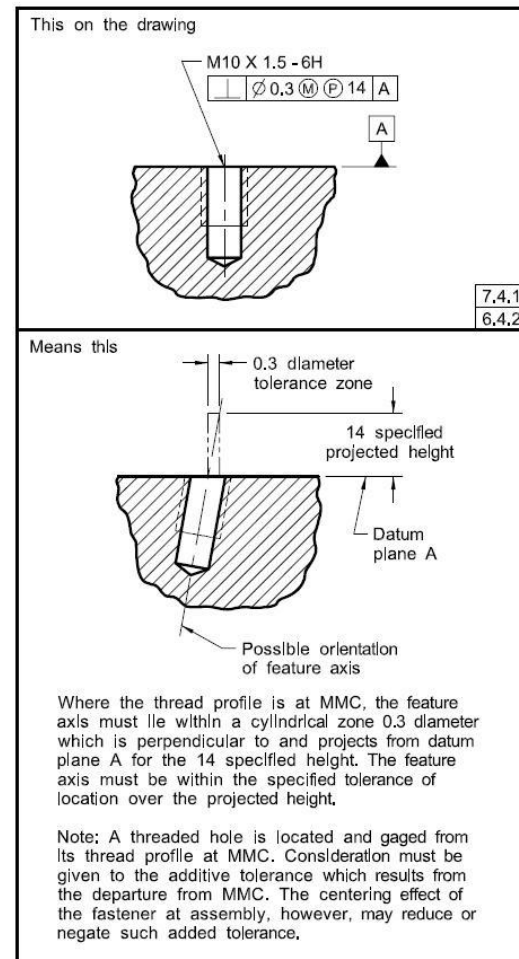
■ *Issues*

- *Taking a 3D requirement and making a 2D measurement*
- *Assuming many characteristics of the thread form*



Maximum Material Condition Issues

- *How is MMC applied?*
 - *Additive Tolerance “Bonus”*
 - *Centering Effects?*



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CMM's Used & Specifications

- *Zeiss Prismo (9/12/7)*
 - *3D = 0.000113 inches*
- *Zeiss Contura (7/10/6)*
 - *3D = 0.000097 inches*
- *Zeiss UPMC 550 (CAA)*
 - *3D = 0.000058 inches*

Zeiss Prismo CMM




Zeiss Contura CMM



Zeiss UPMC 550





Test Results – Steel Test Piece

	Axis	Datum A - Z Axis Zero			Projected 0.5 inches Z Axis		
		Deviation	Std. Dev.	TP Result	Deviation	Std. Dev.	TP Result
Standard Straight Gage	X	-0.00011	0.00002	0.0003	-0.00017	0.00003	0.0005
	Y	-0.00011	0.00001		-0.00017	0.00006	
Split Gage	X	-0.00016	0.00002	0.0003	0.00029	0.00037	0.0006
	Y	-0.00001	0.00002		-0.00011	0.00007	
Taperred Gage	X	-0.00017	0.00013	0.0004	-0.00029	0.00007	0.0009
	Y	-0.00010	0.00007		-0.00037	0.00030	
Expanding Ball Gage	X	0.00004	0.00002	0.0004	0.00029	0.00021	0.0006
	Y	-0.00019	0.00005		-0.00001	0.00021	
Direct Thread Probing	X	0.00043	0.00103	0.0009	0.00094	0.00059	0.0020
	Y	-0.00017	0.00001		0.00034	0.00045	

Results In Inches



Test Results – Aluminum Test Piece

	Axis	Datum A - Z Axis Zero			Projected 0.5 inches Z Axis		
		Deviation	Std. Dev.	TP Result	Deviation	Std. Dev.	TP Result
Standard Straight Gage	X	-0.00082	0.00002	0.0027	-0.00088	0.00007	0.0033
	Y	0.00110	0.00002		0.00141	0.00063	
Split Gage	X	-0.00018	0.00004	0.0027	-0.00061	0.00039	0.0031
	Y	0.00132	0.00005		0.00140	0.00010	
Tapered Gage	X	-0.00047	0.00004	0.0024	-0.00106	0.00053	0.0031
	Y	0.00113	0.00018		0.00112	0.00019	
Expanding Ball Gage	X	0.00029	0.00016	0.0024	-0.00061	0.00087	0.0027
	Y	0.00117	0.00006		0.00120	0.00016	
Direct Thread Probing	X	0.00080	0.00005	0.0016	0.00002	0.00064	0.0003
	Y	0.00004	0.00010		0.00014	0.00015	

Results In Inches



Conclusions

- *No significant difference seen between gage methods.*
- *No significant difference seen between gage methods and direct probing.*
- *Further testing & analysis needed to determine best practice.*



Questions?